## **CLAIMS**

## We claim:

- 1. A method for determining hardware configuration scalability of a multi-user computer system, comprising:
  - (A) loading a set of simulated actions grouped into action types and associated with a remote session;
    - (B) measuring and logging response times for the set of simulated actions;
    - (C) repeating (A) and (B) to obtain a plurality of response times;
    - (D) aggregating the plurality of response times to obtain aggregated results;
    - (E) splitting the aggregated results according to each action type; and
  - (F) determining an associated break point for each said action type, wherein the associated break point corresponds to a minimally acceptable degree of performance for each said action type.
  - 2. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
  - (G) determining a number of users that the multi-user computer system can support from a plurality of associated break points.
  - 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  - (G) fitting a performance curve for an action type for a plurality of performance instances, wherein each performance instance corresponds to a response time in response to an occurrence of a simulated user action; and
    - (H) determining the associated break point from the performance curve.

- 4. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
- (H) if the number of users does not equal or exceed a desired number of users, enhancing the computer system's configuration; and
  - (I) repeating (A) (G).
- 5. The method of claim 2, wherein the number of users corresponds to a processed break point, wherein the processed break point is an approximate average of all break points determined in (F).
  - 6. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
  - (H) rank ordering the plurality of associated break points, wherein a first break point corresponds to a best performance and a last break point corresponds to a worst performance, wherein (G) comprises:
    - (i) selecting an n<sup>th</sup> break point in response to (H), wherein the n<sup>th</sup> break point corresponds to the number of users.
- 7. The method of claim 2, wherein a selected break point is an approximate weighted average of all break points determined in (F) and wherein the selected break point corresponds to the number of users.
- 8. The method of claim 2, wherein a processed break point corresponds to a minimum of all break points determined in (F) and wherein the processed break point corresponds to the number of users.
- 9. The method of claim 2, wherein a selected break point corresponds to a maximum of all break points determined in (F) and wherein the selected break point corresponds to the number of users.

- 10. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- (G) configuring a client terminal to reflect a set of user actions that are associated with a type of user.
- 11. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- (G) configuring the multi-user computer system to execute at least one application program that is utilized by a type of user.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the type of user is selected from the group consisting of a knowledge worker and a data entry worker.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the multi-user computer system comprises a terminal server.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein an initial response time of an action type is greater than a predetermined initial response time threshold and wherein the associated break point corresponds to an average response time having a predetermined degree of degradation.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein an initial response time of an action type is less than a predetermined initial response time threshold and wherein the associated break point corresponds to an average of the predetermined initial response time threshold and an average response time having a predetermined degree of degradation.
- 16. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the method as recited in claim 1.
- 17. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the method as recited in claim 2.

- 18. The method of claim 3, wherein (G) comprises:
- (i) fitting the performance curve with a moving average for a predetermined number of performance instances.
- 19. A method for determining hardware configuration scalability of a multi-user computer system, comprising:
  - (A) loading a set of simulated actions grouped into action types and associated with a remote session;
    - (B) collecting a plurality of indicators of memory management activity; and
  - (C) correlating a progression of working set trimming with an increase of active users.
  - 20. The method of claim 19, wherein (C) comprises:
  - (i) trending peaks of a page output curve to form a peak page output trending line;
  - (ii) determining an intersection of the peak page output trending line to a page input line; and
  - (iii) determining a required amount of memory for each user from the intersection.

- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein (iii) comprises:
- (1) determining a memory size component that is utilized for operating overhead of the multi-user computer system;
- (2) subtracting the memory size component from a total system memory size to approximate a user memory size component; and
- (3) dividing the user memory size component by a user load, the user load corresponding to the intersection.
- 22. The method of claim 19, wherein (C) comprises:
- (i) determining a user load corresponding to a significant increase in page output rate; and
- (ii) in response to (i), dividing an available memory size by the user load to determine a required amount of memory for each user.
- 23. The method of claim 19, wherein (A)-(C) are performed with a first memory configuration, the method further comprising:
  - (D) repeating (A)-(C) with a second memory configuration;
  - (E) determining a user load difference and a memory size difference with respect to the first memory configuration and a second memory configuration;
  - (F) dividing the memory size difference by the user load difference to determine a required amount of memory for each user.
  - 24. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
    - (iv) fitting page input data to form the page input line.
- 25. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the method as recited in claim 19.

- 26. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the method as recited in claim 20.
- 27. The method of claim 19, wherein the plurality of indicators of memory management activity include a working set, a pages output rate, and a pages input rate.
- 28. An apparatus for determining hardware configuration scalability for a multi-user computer system, comprising:

a test controller;

a plurality of client terminals that are configured by the test controller in accordance with at least one user type, wherein a set of user actions are generated;

the multi-user computer system that executes at least one application program in response to the set of user actions; and

a collection module that measures response times and that separately aggregates the response times for each action type, wherein each said action type is associated with a user type being simulated.

29. The apparatus of claim 28, further comprising:

an analysis module that determines an associated break point for each said action type, wherein the associated break point corresponds to a minimally acceptable degree of performance in terms of response time for each said action type.

- 30. The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the analysis module is supported by the test controller.
- 31. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the collection module is supported by the plurality of client terminals and test controller.

- 32. A method for determining hardware configuration scalability of a multi-user computer system, comprising:
  - (A) configuring a plurality of client terminals to reflect a set of user actions that are associated with at least one type of user;
  - (B) loading a set of simulated actions grouped into action types and associated with a remote session;
    - (C) measuring and logging response times for the set of simulated actions;
    - (D) repeating (B) and (C) to obtain a plurality of response times;
    - (E) aggregating the plurality of response times to obtain aggregated results;
    - (F) splitting the aggregated results according to each action type;
  - (G) determining an associated break point for each said action type, wherein the associated break point corresponds to a minimally acceptable degree of performance for each said action type; and
  - (H) determining a selected break point that corresponds to a minimum average response time, wherein the selected break point corresponds to a number of users that the multi-user computer can support.